

ANALYSIS OF FULL-QCD AND QUENCHED-QCD LATTICE PROPAGATORS

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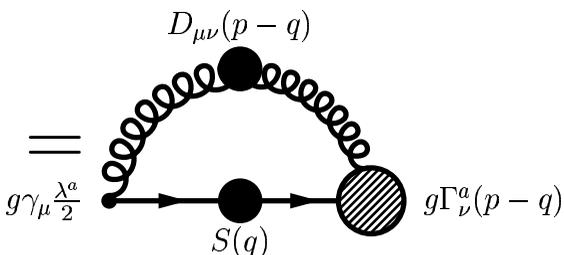
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Investigation

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- *Motivation : Improved DSE phenomenology for hadron physics*

- **Self-energy** $\Sigma(\mathbf{p}, \Lambda) =$ 

- **Parametrize lattice gluon data**
- **Investigate nature of vertex dressing**
- **Calculate observables from DSE-lattice model**
(Future work)

Gap equation

Gap equation

- **Gap equation**

$$S(\mathbf{p})^{-1} = Z_2(\zeta, \Lambda) i\boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{p} + Z_4(\zeta, \Lambda) m(\zeta) + Z_1(\zeta, \Lambda) \boldsymbol{\Sigma}(\mathbf{p}, \Lambda)$$

- **Solution gives the propagator**

$$S(\mathbf{p}) = \frac{Z(\mathbf{p})}{i\boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{p} + M(\mathbf{p})}$$

- **B.C.: For large spacelike ζ**

$$S^{-1}(\mathbf{p})|_{p^2=\zeta^2} = i\boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{p} + m(\zeta)$$

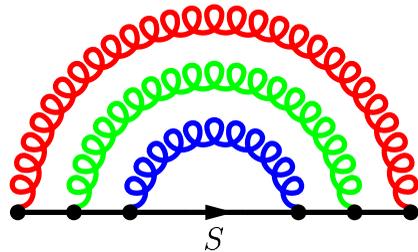
fixes Z_2 and Z_4

- **Landau gauge, Euclidean space**

Rainbow approximation

Rainbow approximation

- $g\Gamma_\mu \rightarrow g\gamma_\mu$



- $g^2 D_{\mu\nu}(q) \rightarrow 4\pi\alpha_{\text{eff}}(q^2) D_{\mu\nu}^{\text{free}}(q)$

- $Z_1 \Sigma(p) = \int_{\mathbf{k}}^{\Lambda} 4\pi\alpha_{\text{eff}}((p - \mathbf{k})^2) D_{\mu\nu}^{\text{free}}(p - \mathbf{k}) \frac{\lambda^a}{2} \gamma_\mu \mathbf{S}(\mathbf{k}) \gamma_\nu \frac{\lambda^a}{2}$

- **We ensure for large q^2 ,**

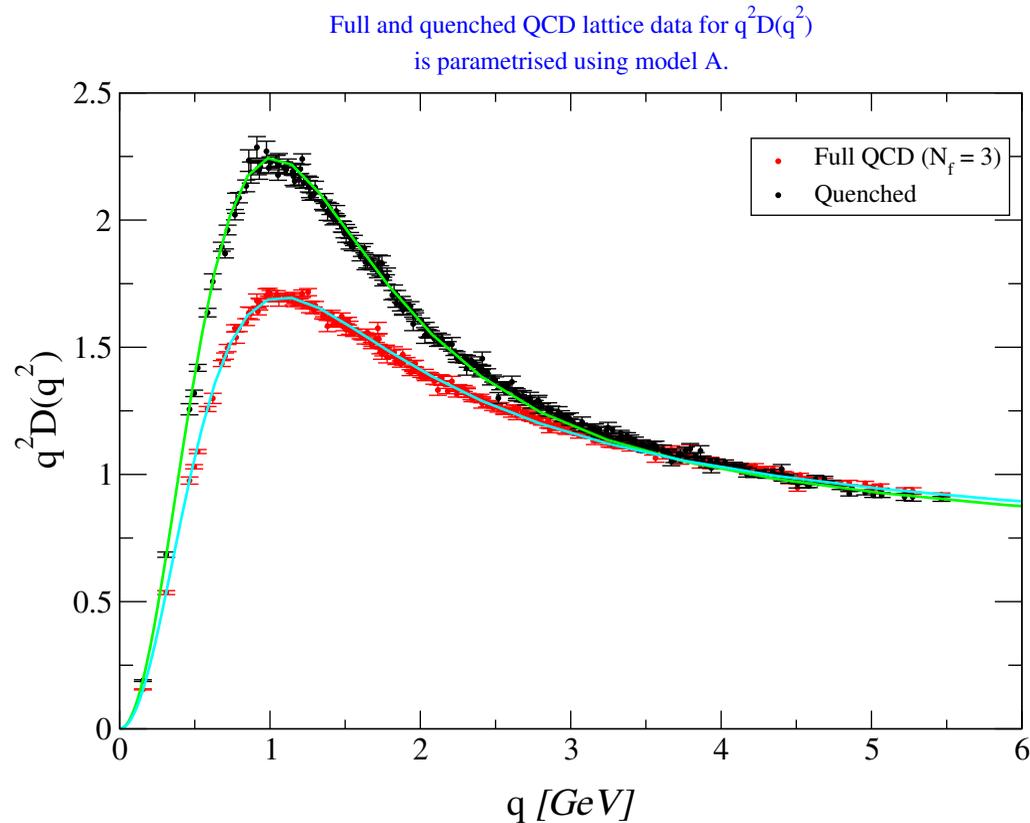
$$4\pi\alpha_{\text{eff}}(q^2) \longrightarrow \frac{4\pi^2\gamma_m}{\ln(q^2/\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2)}$$

$$\gamma_m = 12/(33 - 2N_f)$$

DSE-lattice model

DSE-lattice model

- Parametrised form for lattice gluon

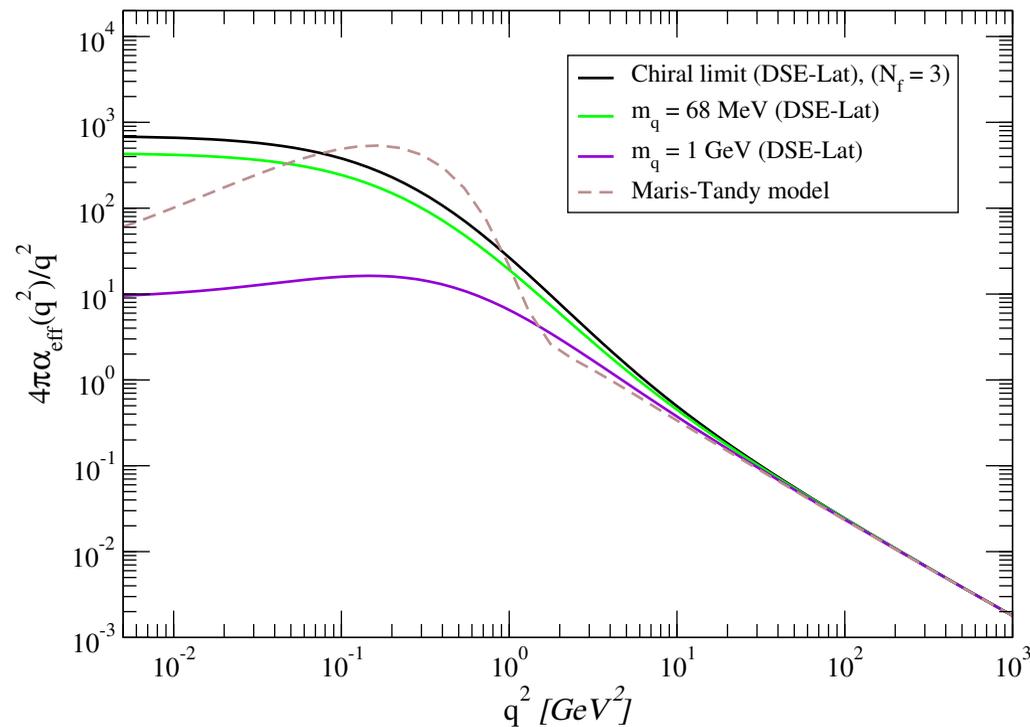


Leinweber, Skullerud, Williams, Parrinello PRD60

Bowman, Heller, Leinweber, Parapilly, Williams hep-lat/0402032

DSE-lattice model

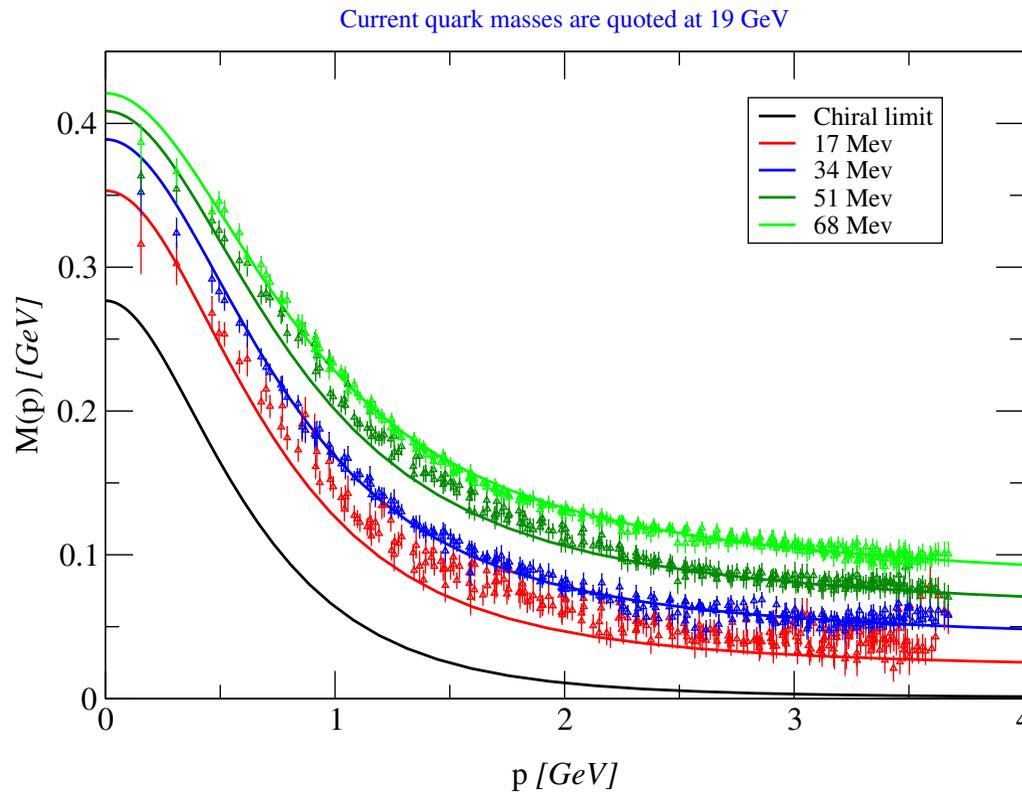
● **Model:**
$$\frac{4\pi\alpha_{\text{eff}}(q^2)}{q^2} = D_{\text{lat}}(q^2) \Gamma(q^2)$$



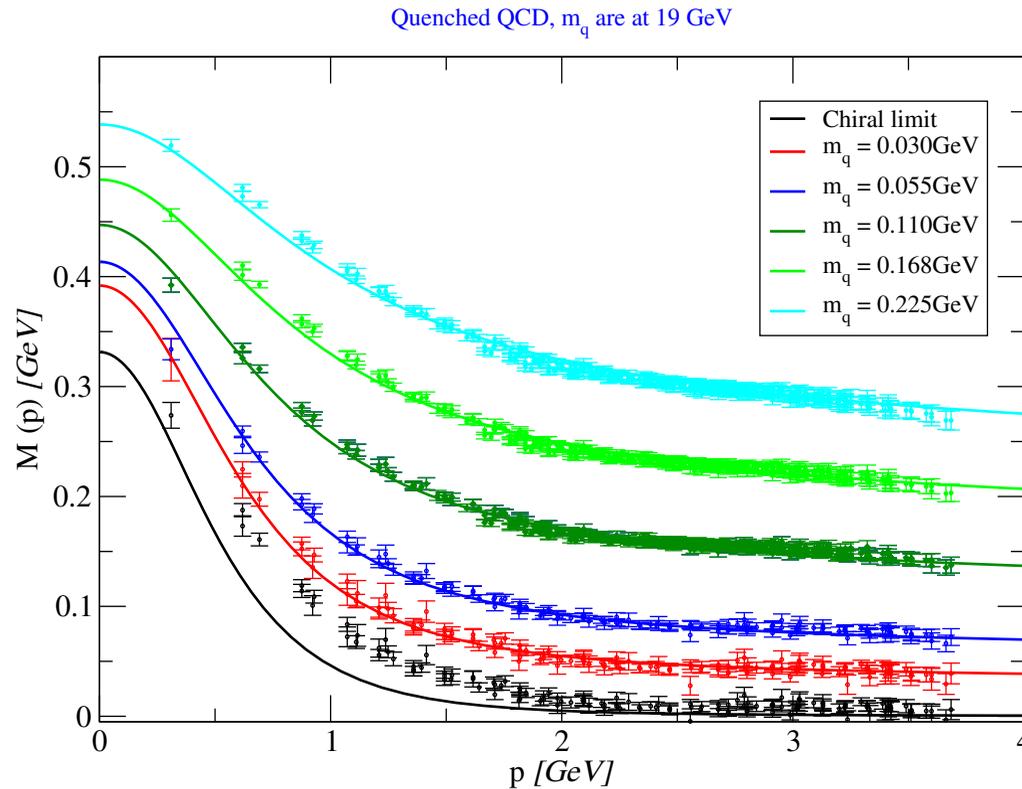
DSE fits and lattice data

DSE fits and lattice data

- $m_1 : m_2 : m_3 : m_4$ fixed by lattice



DSE fits and lattice data



MSB, Pichowsky, Roberts, Tandy PRC68

Spectral Properties

Spectral Properties

- $S(\mathbf{p}) = -i\boldsymbol{\gamma}\cdot\mathbf{p} \sigma_v(\mathbf{p}^2) + \sigma_s(\mathbf{p}^2); \Delta_S(T) = \int \frac{d\mathbf{p}_4}{(2\pi)} e^{i\mathbf{p}_4 T} \sigma_S(\mathbf{p}^2)$

- Eg: $\sigma_s(\mathbf{p}^2) = \frac{m}{p^2+m^2}; \Delta_S(T) = \frac{1}{2} e^{-mT}, +ve \text{ definite}$

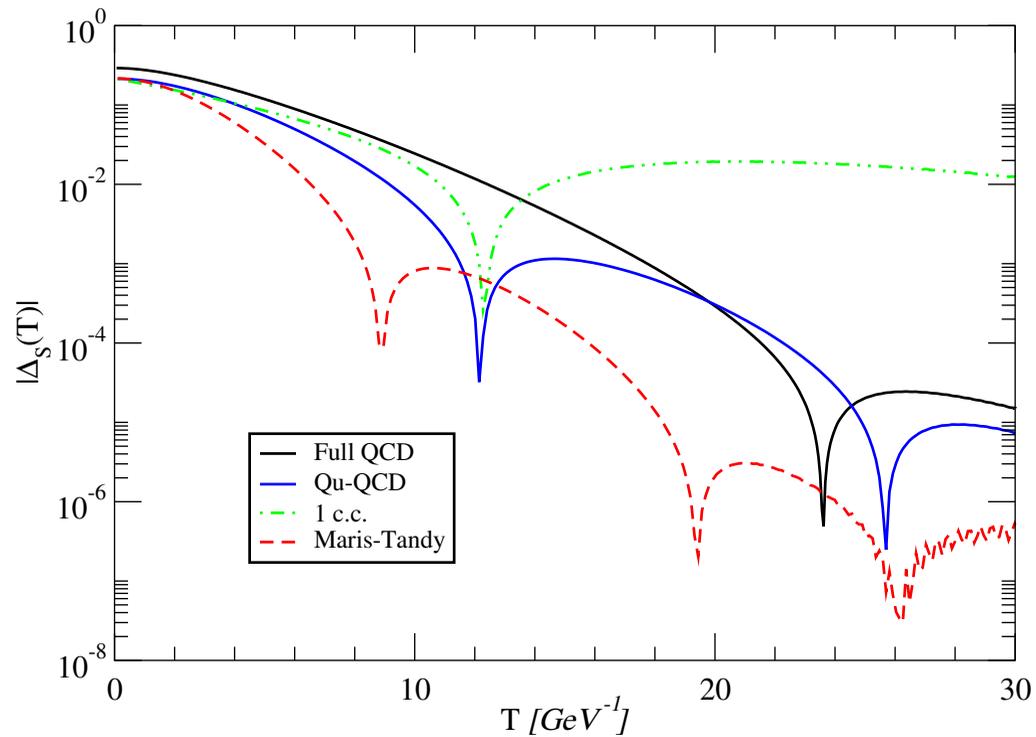
- Eg: $\sigma_s(\mathbf{p}^2) = \frac{m}{2} \left[\frac{1}{p^2 + m^2 - i\rho^2} + \frac{1}{p^2 + m^2 + i\rho^2} \right]$

$\Delta_S(T)$ *not* +ve definite

- $\Delta_S(T)$ not +ve definite \implies No asymptotic state sufficient for confinement

Spectral Properties

- $|\Delta_S(\mathbf{T})|$ has cusps \implies **No free quarks**



Chiral limit

Chiral limit

- Quark condensate at the renormalization point ζ

$$-\langle \bar{q}q \rangle_{\zeta}^0 = \lim_{\Lambda \rightarrow \infty} Z_4(\zeta, \Lambda) N_c \text{tr} \int_{\mathbf{q}}^{\Lambda} S_0(\mathbf{q})$$

- Condensate evolved to another scale ζ'

$$\langle \bar{q}q \rangle_{\zeta'}^0 = Z_m(\zeta', \zeta) \langle \bar{q}q \rangle_{\zeta}^0$$

$-\langle \bar{q}q \rangle_1^0$	Empirical	lattice ch.ex.	DSE – lattice
Full – QCD	$(0.24\text{GeV})^3$	–	$(0.23\text{GeV})^3$
Qu – QCD	–	$(0.27\text{GeV})^3$	$(0.19\text{GeV})^3$

Pion properties

Pion properties

- Leptonic decay constant

$$f_{\pi} \delta^{ij} 2 P_{\mu} = Z_2 \text{tr} \int_{\mathbf{q}}^{\Lambda} \tau^i \gamma_5 \gamma_{\mu} \chi_{\pi}^j(\mathbf{q}; \mathbf{P})$$

	Full-QCD	Qu-QCD
chiral f_{π}	0.072	0.063

Summary

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- **Information on infrared strength of vertex dressing**
- **Extracted vertex dependence on m_q**
- **DSE-BSE Kernel from full-QCD for meson physics**
- **More informed chiral extrapolation**
- **Beyond rainbow-ladder BSE for improved hadron physics (*Future work*)**